Analysis of Reported Plans and Programmes

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Introduction

- By April 2006, over 100 reports on plans and programmes were transmitted.
- These include:
 - Up to 80 entries ("lines") of information per report
 - A total of 370 exceedance situations
 - A total of 1290 measures
- These reports contain a variety of different information, which was analysed





Content of this Presentation

- Approach of analysing data
- Reported exceedance situations
- Reported measures
- Conclusions

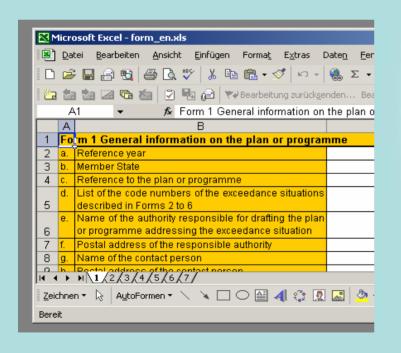




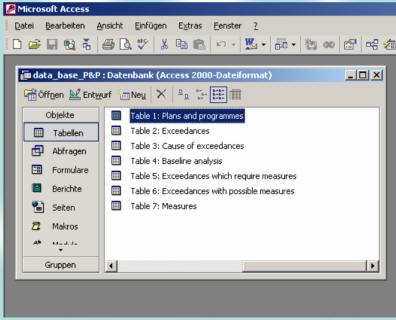


Our Approach

- All available reports were imported into an Access database
- For final report update of quantitative analysis, reports received by October will be considered





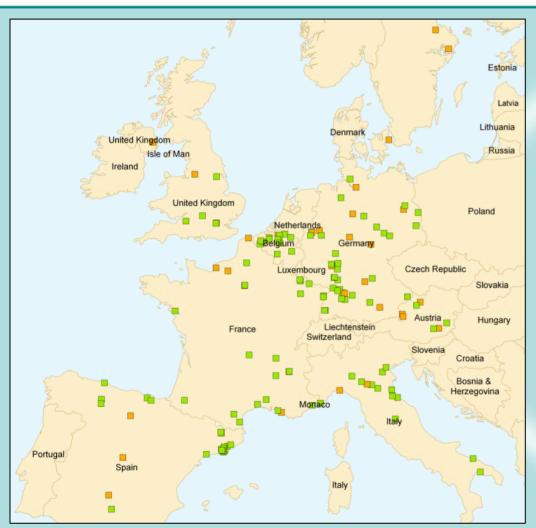








Geographical Distribution of Available Plans and Programmes



- Proposed for analysis
- Reported

- Good coverage of Western Europe.
- Various topographic and climatic zones.
- Note: Map contains reported locations of exceedances only.





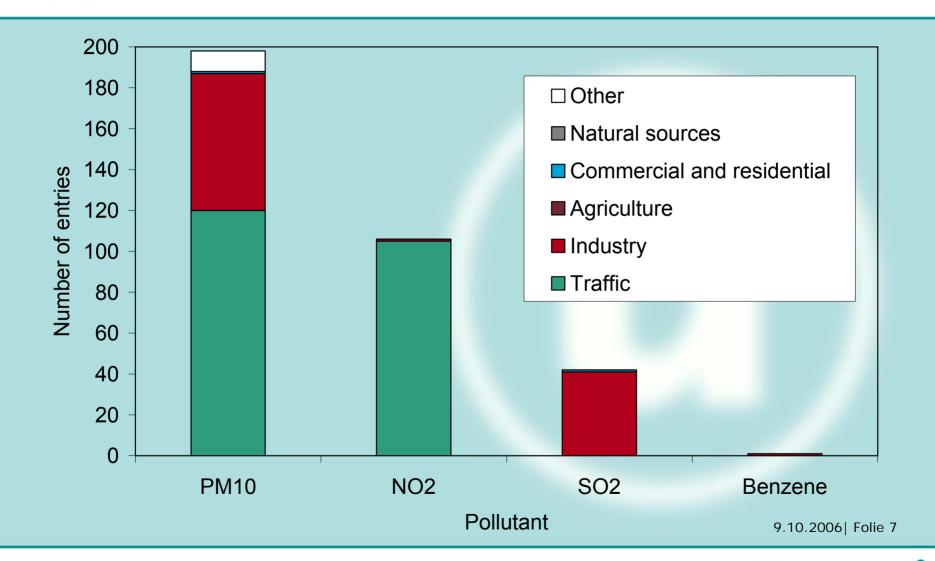
Reported Exceedance Situations by April 2006

Year	PM10	NO ₂	SO ₂	Benzene
2001	44	40	21	
2002	61	59	28	
2003	79	48	10	1
Total	184	147	59	1





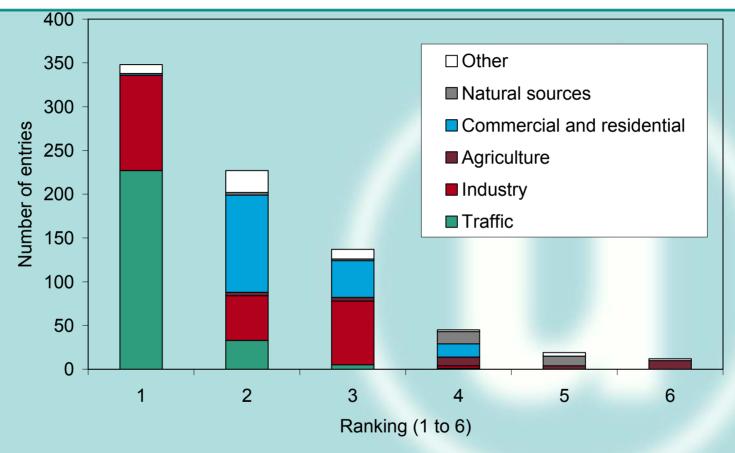
Sources of Pollution







A Closer Look: Ranking the Sources



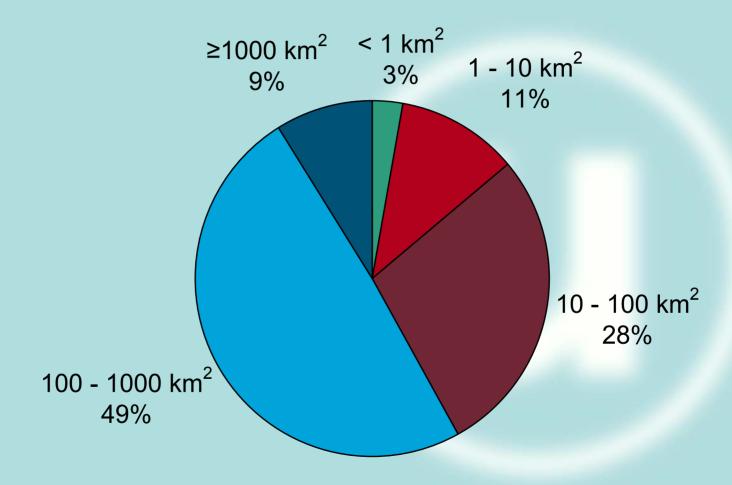
Ranking of the sources of pollutions: Number of entries where the six main sources of pollution were ranked first, second, etc.







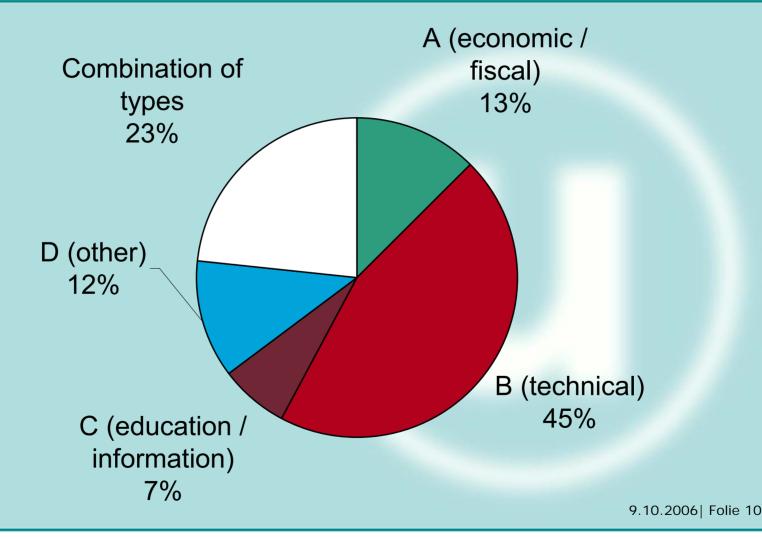
Estimate of the Affected Area







Types of Measures









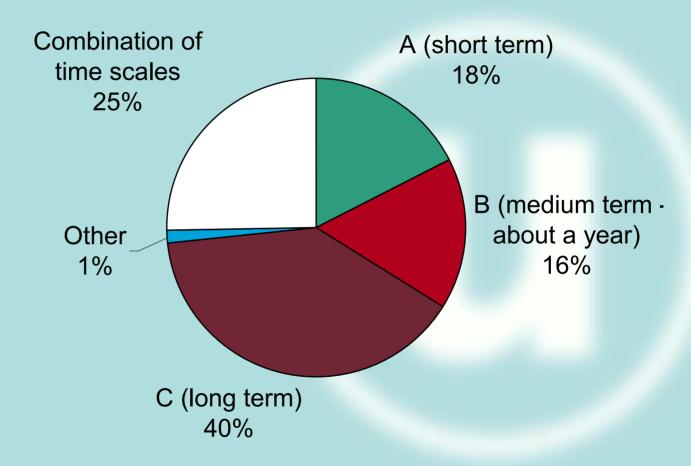
Types of Measures – A Closer Look

- Within certain countries, similar types of measures were mentioned (e.g. certain types of traffic measures).
- In most cases, a larger number of measures was listed for PM10 exceedances than for NO₂ exceedances.
- In many cases, measures like feasibility studies, emission inventories or air quality monitoring were listed.





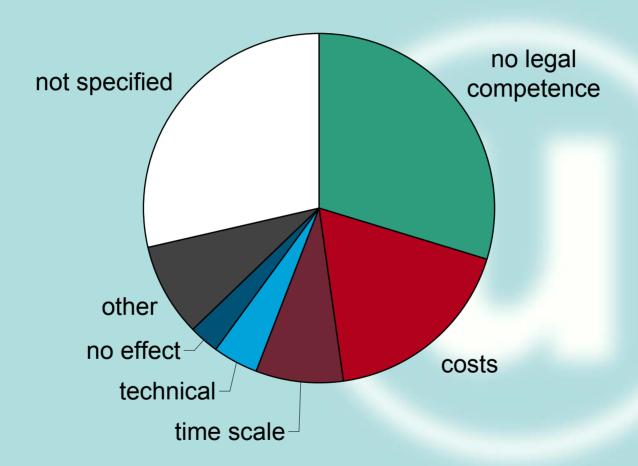
Time Scale of Measures







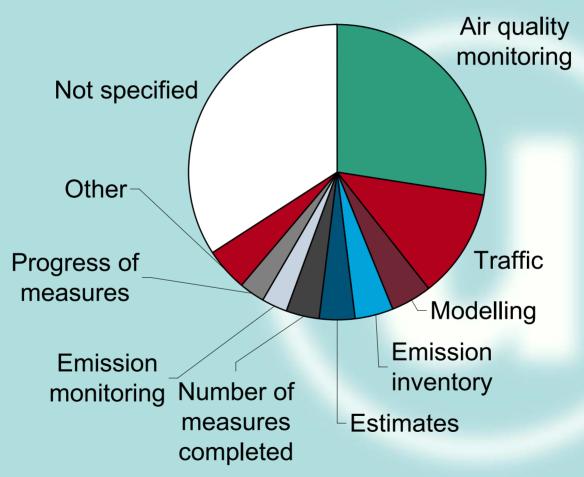
Additional Measures: Reasons for Not Taking Them

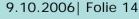






Indicators for Monitoring Progress









Conclusions

- Quantitative information on plans and programmes gives an overview of exceedances situations and planned measures in Europe
- Variety is seen in spatial scales, temporal scales and indicators
- Similarities are seen in sources of exceedance situations and in measures within certain member states.
- → For air quality planning, it is helpful to make use of the variety of approaches in various Member States.



